

mismanagement in relation to Clark, his Excellency & the Boarde are willing to pass the same for his ffather's sake. Maryland Archives, Vol. 25.

Colonel Beall's last years were spent peacefully, we can believe, upon his estate, "The Rock of Dumbarton." There are several records in the Maryland Archives that show, that in his active years his home was at the head of the Patuxent River, but in 1703, he received the above grant of land which was upon Rock Creek and included much of the present Georgetown, D. C. Dumbarton Avenue in the heart of the town perpetuates the name. The exact site of his home on this tract of land is not known, a fact much to be regretted. His son, Colonel George Beall, inherited much of this land, and in 1751, the Legislature of Maryland provided for the laying out of George-town upon part of it. The name is supposed to have been given in honor of Col. George Beall, but opinions concerning this, differ. His tomb, and that of his wife, Elizabeth Brooke, are still to be seen in an old deserted Presbyterian graveyard of the town.

Col. Ninian Beall left a most interesting will, and from it, it is judged that his great estate of lands and slaves were mostly apportioned among his heirs before his death. Twelve children are supposed to have been the issue of his marriage to Ruth Moore, but the writer gives only the names of those she has found in the records of Prince George County, Md.

Thomas, died in England in 1708.

John, married Joan, widow of George Reid.

Charles, married Mary ———.

George, married Elizabeth Brooke, daughter of Roger Brooke, Sr.

Hester, married Joseph Belt.

Rachel, married ——— Offutt.

Ninian, married Elizabeth Magruder, daughter of Alex. Magruder, Sr.

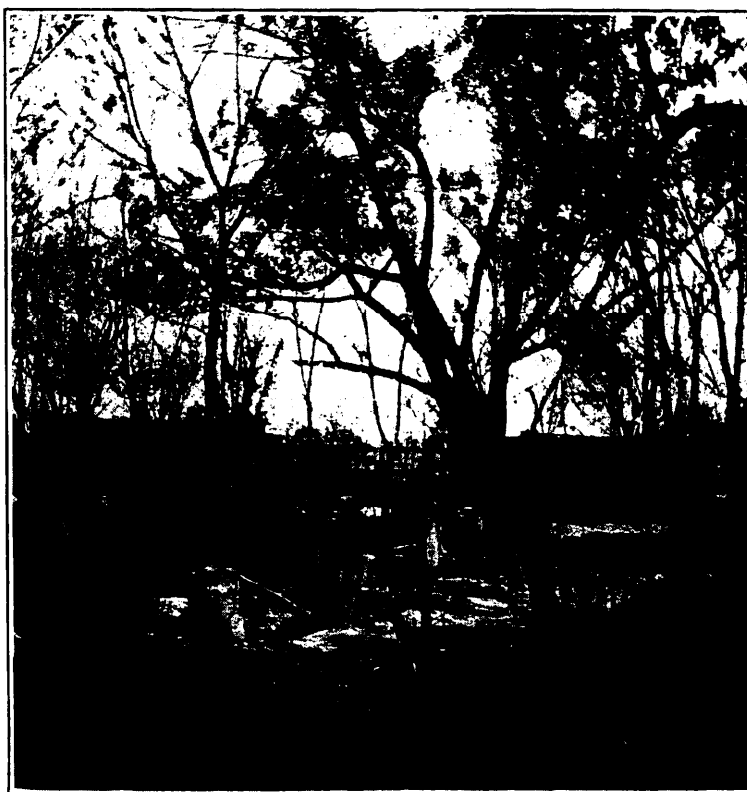
Mary, married Andrew Hambleton.

Sarah, married Samuel Magruder. (See Magruder).

Jane, married Archibald Edmonstone. (See Edmonstone).

Margery, married Thomas Sprigg.

A quotation from the Baltimore Sun of January 31, 1904, finishes the account of this most interesting ancestor. "Col. Ninian Beall lived to be 92 years of age. That he was a man of rare breadth of vision, his charity to all men bears witness. He was buried on his home plantation, and when in recent years his remains were dug up, owing to the growth of Georgetown, where his home was situated, it was found that he was six feet, seven inches tall, and his Scotch red hair had retained all of its fiery hue."



Abandoned Presbyterian Graveyard in Georgetown, D. C.
Tombstones of Colonel George Beall and Elizabeth Brooke, his wife.

The following concerning Jane, the wife of Richard Moore and mother of Ruth Beall, is both interesting and amusing:

"Know all men by these presents that Whereas my Husband, Richard Moore, being Sick and weake upon his death bed did Call to his wife, Jane Moore, and desired her to bring him the will which he had formerly made and he pused it (perused it?) and after that he Cancelled it and caused it to be burnt and made his wife whole and Sole Executor to Sett and dispose of amongst her children, as She will, Richard Manship and Eliz. Manship, his wife, being present at the Same Time." "Know all men by these presents that I, Jane Moore, the wife of Richard Moore deceased, doe bind over the four hundred Acres of Land which we now live upon to be Equally Divided betwixt my three sons, viz.: Richard M., Roger M., and Timothy M., and they to be of age when they come to Eighteen, and the Maids at fifteen, and fourteen head of female Cattell for Seven Children for their use with all the increase, the Males being taken out of them and as they Come to age or marry their shares to be taken out proportionately, and if any of these Children should dye the Cattell to goe amongst the rest, and for the Land She is to Enjoy it, So Long as She, the Said Jane, doth Live and then to Come to the Children." July 1654.

(X) The marke of Jane O. Moore. Maryland Archives, Vol. 10, p. 393.

"INDORS EJUSDUM."

"Know all men by these presents that Whereas, I, Peter Godson, Chirurgeon, intending to Intermarry with Jane Moore, of Calvert Co., in the Province of Maryland, widdow, have agreed and doe hereby Consent and agree (in Case the Said Marriage take Effect) not to lay any Clayme to or Intermeddle with all or any part of the Estate of Richard Moore, deceased, late husband of the Said Jane Moore, menconed in the within written Deed or Conveyance, to be by the Said Jane, disposed of to her children's use, but will Leave the Same to the Said Children accordingly. Witness my hand this Sixt day of July, 1654. The Marke of Peter G. Godson." Vol. 10, p. 396. "John Hambleton Sueth for Cattell due to his wife, Temperance, daughter of Richard Moore." December, 1655. Vol. 10, p. 433. "John Hambleton is hereby Impowered to take the Estate of Richard Moore, deceased, into his possession and that he give Security within tenne dayes that he Shall faithfully Endeavor the improvmt thereof for the Children's use, etc., etc." Mar. 22d, 1655. Maryland Archives, Vol. 10, p. 442.

It is quite evident that the hasty re-marriage of our ancestress, Jane Moore, was not productive of harmony in the family circle, and that "Peter Godson Chirugien" was not a man of his word.

WILL OF COLONEL NINIAN BEALL.

In the name of God, amen. I, Ninian Beall, of Prince George County, in the Province of Maryland, being indisposed in Body, but of sound and perfect memory, God be praised for the same, and considering the Mortality of human Nature and uncertainty of life, doe make, ordain, constitute and appoint this to be my last Will and Testament in manner and forme following; vizt.:

Impris. I give and bequeath my soul into the Hands of Almighty God in hopes of free pardon for all my sins, and as for my Body to be committed to the Earth from whence it came, to be decently buried at the Discretion of my trustees, hereafter mentioned.

Item.—I will and bequeath that all my Debts and funeral charges be first paid and satisfied, and as for what portion of my worldly goods as shall be then remaining I bequeath and bestow in manner following:

Item.—I doe give and bequeath unto my son, George, my plantation and Tract of land called, the Rock of Dumbarton, lying and being at Rock Creek and containing four hundred and eighty acres, with all the stock thereon, both cattle and hogs, them and their increase unto my son, George and Unto his Heirs forever.

Item.—I doe give and bequeath unto my said son, George Beall, his choice of one of my feather beds, bolster and Pillow, and other furniture thereunto belonging, with two Cows and calves and half my sheep from off this plantation, I now live on, unto him and his heirs forever.

Item.—I doe give and bequeath unto my son-in-Law, Andrew Hambleton, my negro woman, Alic, unto him and his heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my Granddaughter, Mary Beall, the daughter of my son, Ninian Beall, deceased, the one half part of all my moveables or personal estate of Cattle and Hogs, Horses, Household goods, after my Legacyes before bequeathed are paid and satisfied, unto her, the said Mary, and to her heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my said Granddaughter, Mary Beall, all that part of Bacon Hall that lyeth on the south side of the road that goeth to Mount Calvert to her, the said Mary, and unto her heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath to my Grandson, Samuel Beall, all the remainder part of Bacon Hall together with the Plantation and Orchard and tobacco houses thereunto belonging (with this proviso), that when he comes to the age of one and twenty, that he make over by a firm conveyance, all his right and title that he hath unto a certain Tract of Land called Sanes (or Sams), Beginning on the south side of the said road going to Mount Calvert, unto the said Mary and unto her heirs forever, but, if my said Grandson, should happen to dye before he arrive to be of that age to make over the land soe as aforesaid, then, I doe give and bequeath unto my said Granddaughter, Mary, the whole Tract of Bacon Hall with the houses and Orchard thereon, unto her and her heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my sd Grandson, Samuel Beall, my Water Mill lying upon Collington Branch with the stones, Iron work houses and all other Matterealls thereunto belonging, unto the said Samuel and his heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my son in Law, Joseph Belt, part of a tract of land called, Good Luck, containing two hundred forty five acres, he allowing unto my heirs the sum of four thousand pounds of tobacco, according to our former agreement, he deducting what I doe owe him on his books for several wares and merchandizes, to the said Joseph, and unto his heirs forever.

Item.—that whereas I owe several debts, I doe empower my trustees hereafter named, to enable them to pay the same to sell a certain Tract of land called, the Recovery, lying and being in the freshes of Patuxent River near the head of the Western Branch, to be sold, it containing four hundred acres, the aforesaid tract of land bequeathed unto my son, Belt, is adjoining thereunto.

Item.—I doe give and bequeath unto my son, Charles Beall, a Book of Bishop Cooper's work, the Acts of the Church and the Chronicles of King Charles, the first, and King Charles, the second, and I doe request

and oblige my son, Charles, my bell, and my son, George (to son) to send for a Dozen of books, entitled, an advise to young and old and middle age, set forth by one Mr. Christopher Ness the books to be distributed among my Grandchildren and Godsons.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my son, Charles, a thousand acres of land called, Dunn Back, lying on the South side of great Choptank in a Creek called, Wattses Creek, unto him and his heirs forever.

And lastly, I doe make, ordain, Declare and appoint my Grandson, Samuel Bell to be my sole and whole Executor of this my last will & testament and I doe devise my loving sons, Charles Bell, Joseph Belt and George Bell, to doe and perform my devise as above exprest and to act & doe for my executor until he shall arrive to the age of one and twenty, hereby revoking and annulling all former and other wills by me at any time heretofore made and signed. And doe devise my said sons to use their best care and endeavor that my two Grandchildren, the Children of my beloved son, Ninian Beall, deceased, to be brought up and have that education suitable to their estate. I doe also appoint my said sons, Trustees, to this my will, to make their appearance every Easter Tuesday, or any other time as they shall think a more fitting time, at my dwelling plantation, yearly, to inspect into all affairs thereof and of a yearly increase of all the Creatures upon my plantation and at the Mill for and on the behalf of my two Grandchildren who are to be joint sharers therein, my Grandaughter to have her part at the day of her Marriage.

In testimony whereof I have to this my last will and testament set my hand and seal this fifteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen.

NINIAN BEALL. [Seal.]

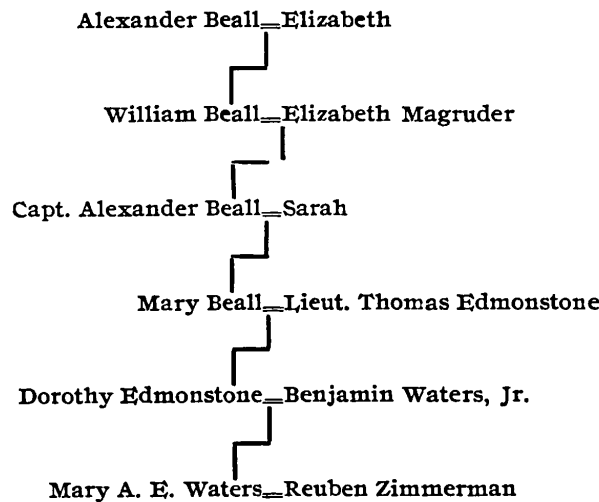
Witnesses

John Busey.

Rebecca Getward.

Edw'd Willett.

BEALL



This line of Beall's starts with our ancestor, **Alexander Beall**. His paternity is still in question and the doubt remains as to whether he was the immigrant or the son of the immigrant. It has been thought that he was a son of Colonel Beall, but the supposition adds three more sons to the already long list of his (Colonel Beall's) children. That Alexander had children named Ninian and Ruth indicates close relationship to Colonel Beall and the probabilities are that Alexander was his nephew. Wills prove that Alexander had two brothers, James and Robert. Both James and Alexander were large land owners in the vicinity of Washington, D. C., and the present well known race track at Benning, D. C., is on an original patent of land owned by James Beall. "Att a vestry held at Broad Creek for Piscataway parrish, The 19th day of Aug. 1707. . . . Then was Mr. James Beall Chose Vestryman in ye Roome of Mr. William Hutchinson, who was then out of ye Country." Records, Rock Creek Parish, p. 22. Robert Beall outlived both brothers, but his name does not figure prominently in deeds.

Alexander Beall's home place was on a branch of the Patux-

ent River. This he describes in his will as part of "Neighborhood" and "Largoe," "which lyeth on the South Side of the South West Branch of Potuxen." "Neighborhood," which was laid out for John Darnell in 1683, was assigned to Alexander Beall and William Offutt in 1703. In a later deed, Alexander purchased the whole tract. After the division of the counties of southern Maryland, this land lay in Prince George County, and it was in that county his will was filed. He was Civil Officer or Magistrate of Prince George County in 1694-97. Maryland Archives, Vol. 20, p. 546. In 1704 he and his brother, James, were amongst the trustees and elders of the Presbyterian meeting house at Marlborough, mention of which is made in the Edmonstone and Colonel Beall papers.

Alexander Beall's wife was named **Elizabeth** (Coombs?)* That she was his wife in 1687 is proved by the will of Robert Lee, St. Mary's County, Md., 1687, who gives the name of "Mrs. Eliza. Beall" among other legatees allied to the Beall family. The date of her death is unknown, but a deed shows that she was alive in 1731. Alexander Beall died in 1744, evidently at an advanced age. Both husband and wife are probably buried in the graveyard about the meeting house in Marlborough. Their children were:

William, married Elizabeth Magruder.
Mary, married Lingan Willson.
Ninian, married Ruth ———.
John, married Verlinda Magruder.
Ruth, married John Jackson.

William Beall, son of Alexander and Elizabeth, is the next in the family line. Like his father, he was a planter, and according to his will, his home place was "Friendship Enlarged." His will is filed in Frederick County, but at that date, 1759, this county which in 1748 was taken from Prince George County, included land that was in the vicinity of what is now Georgetown, D. C. Montgomery County, Early Patents, p. 648, has this record: "Friendship Enlarged, surveyed for Alexander Beall, Jan. 19th, 1716, 920 acres, extends from near

*In the genealogical columns of the Baltimore Sun, inquiries for the maiden name of Alexander Beall's wife have been frequent. The writer gives the above suggestion of her name for the benefit of those interested who may chance to see this record. Enoch Coombs either patented or owned 'Largoe,' afterwards in the possession of Alexander Beall. Joan Beall, wife of John Beall, leaves in her will (St. Mary County, 1675) a legacy to her god daughter, Elizabeth Coombes. I give this "slender thread" for what it is worth.

the city (Washington, D. C.) limits, up to the mouth of Bond's Mill on the Ashton and Sligo turnpike near Carrolls Forest." This tract of land is now mostly divided into small estates and includes well known suburbs of Washington, D. C. To the descendants of Alexander and William Beall this part of the District and adjacent Maryland should be of interest.

The following is found in the oldest record book of Piscataway and Rock Creek Parish, p. 86: "Tuesday, Aug. 13th, 1728. The Free Holders of this Parish met to settle & found a church. The Chapell at Rock Creek was Settled and Founded to be this Parish Church by a great Majority of Votes as appears by the following liste." "A List of the names of votes of the Subscribers for Settling and Founding the Chappell at Rock Creek to be the Parish Church." Among them were John Jackson, son-in-law of Alexander Beall, Ninian Beall, presumably son of Alexander, William Beall, Sen'r, our ancestor, John Beall, his brother, William Beall, Jr., son of our ancestor William, several Magruders and Bealls apart from our direct family line, and other familiar names collaterally connected. This extract is of note because the list includes the names of descendants of the old Presbyterians and of Colonel Ninian Beall "that tower of strength" in the faith, who founded the meeting house at Marlborough. Rock Creek Episcopal Church is the oldest and the most interesting Episcopal Church in the District of Columbia and it is a pleasure to know that our ancestors had a small share in its founding.

The wife of William Beall, Sr., was **Elizabeth Magruder**, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Beall) Magruder. (See Magruder). William Beall, Senior, died in 1756. His wife survived him, but there is no record of her death. Their children were:

Samuel.

Alexander, married Sarah _____.

Margaret, married Andrew Beall.

Richard.

Jemima, unmarried; died 1764.

Elizabeth, married Elias Harding. He was born in 1728.

William.

The family line comes down through **Captain Alexander Beall**, son of William Beall, Senior. In a deed dated 1770, he is mentioned as "the late Captain Alexander Beall, who was Heir at Law to the late William Beall, Senior." His will was filed in Frederick County, though his home estate was in the vicinity of what is now Georgetown, D. C.

Scharf, in his *History of Western Maryland*, Vol. 1, says "Georgetown (D. C.) was laid out in response to petition of people of Frederick to General Assembly. Alexander Beall appointed clerk and surveyor, Sept. 18, 1751." Another writer says that Alexander's military tastes forbade his being a good surveyor, and that he abandoned this work to join the Colonial forces of Maryland. It may have been true that as a surveyor he was not a great success, but his work as Captain of a Maryland troop seems to have been satisfactory to the authorities.

Scharf in his *History of Western Maryland* has this to say about him. "The invasion of the Western frontier of the Province by the French and Indians from Fort Du Quesne created great anxiety while it lasted, but a force from the lower district of Frederick County, now Montgomery County, under Colonel Ridgeley and Captain Alexander Beall, marched to the rescue, and allayed the fears of the settlers."

Governor Sharpe of Maryland makes several references to him, in his correspondence with Colonel Stanwix. In a letter of Nov. 15th, 1757, the Governor says in regard to a difference of opinion between him and the Maryland Assembly, "If the Lower House of Assembly shall, after all means have been tried to bring them to reason, absolutely refuse to support any Troops at Fort Cumberland, I will make Cap't. Beall a Major of Militia & oblige as many Men to serve under him as may be necessary for the Defence of Fort Frederick and the more immediate Protection of the Frontier inhabitants." Maryland Archives, Vol. 9, p. 103. Also, on 17th Dec. 1757, "I have ordered four Companies of Militia to hold themselves in readiness to march on the first notice and after they have served a month or two, I shall order four other Companies to relieve them & either Cap't Alex'r or Cap't Joshua Beall (whom I shall forthwith appoint Majors of Militia), will be always at Fort Frederick to command them." Maryland Archives, Vol. 9, p. 165. This promise of promotion for Cap't Beall does not seem to have been fulfilled as Governor Sharpe writes of him after his death, still as "Cap't Beall." These letters of the Governor show that Cap't Beall was in command of Fort Frederick at the time of his death in 1759. Also, that among the officers at Fort Frederick, "that have lived many years in that part of the Country & are acquainted with most of the Inhabitants" was "Cap't Alexander Beall."

His wife was **Sarah**—. Her maiden name, so far eludes the writer's research, a fact she especially deplores, for like many

others in search of ancestors, she failed to ask questions of those who, when living, could have easily answered them. A note at the foot of this page gives her suggestion of Sarah Beall's identity.*

Oct. 20th, 1762, three years after her first husband's death, she made a report of the estate of Cap't Alexander Beall, as then the wife of Adam Henry.

The children of Cap't Alexander Beall and Sarah, were:

Leonard, married Eleanor ———.
 William Magruder.
 Sarah.
 Sabrina, married Jeremiah Beall.
 Edward, married Rachel ———.
 Mary, married Thomas Edmonstone.
 Martha, married Roger Edmonstone.
 Elizabeth.

Mary Beall married Thomas Edmonstone. Her will proves that she died in 1815, in Alexandria, Va. (See Edmonstone.)

WILL OF ALEXANDER BEALL.

In the name of God, Amen, the sixteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven Hundred forty and three, I, Alexander Beall of Prince George County, being weak in Body but of Perfect mind and memory, thanks be given unto God therefore, Calling unto Mind the Mortality of my Body and knowing that it is appointed for all men to Die, do make and ordain this my last Will and Testament that is to say, Principally and first of all I give and Recommend my Soul into the hands of God that gave it, and for my Body, I recommend it to the Earth to be buried in a Christian like and decent Manner at the Discretion of my Executors, nothing doubting but at the General Resurrection, I shall receive the Same again by the Mighty Power of God, and as touching such Worldly Estate wherewith it hath pleased God to bless me in this Life I give, devise and bequeath of the same in the following manner and form:

Imprimis.—I give and bequeath to my Brother, Robert Beall, all my wareing apparel. I give and bequeath to Lingon Willson's wife, Mary, my shase and harnise.

Item.—I give and bequeath to my Negro Woman, Ann, her freedom for ever.

Item.—I give and bequeath to my Son, William Beall, my Dwelling Plantation and Land, being part of two Tracts of Land called Neighborhood and Largoe, which Lyeth on the South Side of the South West Branch of Potuxen with All and Singular the appurtenances thereto belonging to him and his heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath to my Son, Ninian Beall, the other part of a

*The writer suggests that the wife of Captain Alexander Beall was Sarah Greenfield, daughter of James Greenfield, son of Colonel Thomas Greenfield and Martha Truman (born Storer). There are many corroborative facts, but, so far, no exact proof. This proof the writer still hopes to obtain.

Tract of Land Called, Largoe, which I now hold and enjoy lying on the North Side of the afores^d South West Branch of Potuxen Commonly Called Menellas quarter, wth all and Singular the appurtenances thereunto belonging, to him and his Heirs forever.

Item.—I give and bequeath that all the Remaining part of my Estate be divided into five Equall parts, that is to say, one fifth part to my Son, William Beall; one fifth part to my Son-inlaw, John Jackson; one fifth part to my Son, Ninian Beall; one fifth part to my dec^d Son, John Beall's children (that is nominated in his Will for the Division of the Remains of his Personall estate) to be equally Devided between them; and one fifth part to my Deceased Son, James Beall's children now Living, to be equally divided between them, and my will is that my Estate be devided into five equall Lotts and two of them which I have given to my two Sons (John and James), children be exposed to sail by any one that the Majority of the said Children thats of Age shall agree on and the Profitts arising thereby to be Divided according to the true Intent of this my Will.

And Lastly, I do ordain, Constitute, my Sons, William Beall, Ninian Beall and John Jackson to be Ex^{rs} of this my last Will and Testament hereby making Void all other Will by me heretofore made, in Witness, I have hereunto Sett my hand and Seal the day and year first above written.

ALEX'R BEALL.

Probate, Sept 5th, 1744.

Witnesses

Meredith Davis.

his

John S. X. Curry.

mark

Joseph Beall.

WILL OF WILLIAM BEALL.

In the name of God, Amen. I, William Beall, sen'r, of Frederick County being sick and weak of body, but of sound and perfect memory and knowing that it is appointed for all men to die, do first Commit my soul unto the Hands of Almighty God, my great Creator & Redeemer, & my Body to the Earth to be buried in a Christian like manner and according to the Discretion of my Executors and do, after all my funeral Expenses are discharged & my just Debts paid, do dispose of my Estate, both real & personal, in manner and form following:

Imprimis.—I do first & foremost constitute and appoint my well beloved Wife, Elizabeth Beall, and my Son, Alexander Beall, my whole & sole Executrix & Executor of this my Last Will and Testament and do hereby release, revoke & deny all former Wills by me heretofore made or signed by me.

Item.—I first and foremost leave all my part of a Tract of Land with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, which now I live on, being part of a Tract of Land called, Friendship enlarged, containing two hundred & ninety acres & part of a Tract of Land contiguous thereto called Hills & Dales, containing sixty six acres to be sold to pay my just Debts.

Item.—I give and bequeath to my Daughter, Margaret Beall, wife of Andrew Beall, & her heirs lawfully begotten of her Body, forever, part of a Tract of Land called Discontent, lying and being in Frederick County, containing one hundred & ten acres the said Land lies on Watts Branch & was given long ago but not conveyed.

Item.—I desire that my Executors may convey by a Fee Simple unto William Shaw, Sen'r of Frederick County, part of a Tract of Land called,

William & Eliz., containing fourteen acres. I desire also that my Executors do Convey in the same manner & From part of said Tract to Stephen Lanham of Prince George County. The contents, my Bond will make appear.

Item.—I give & bequeath unto my Son, Richard Beall, & his Heirs lawfully begotten of his Body forever, part of a Tract of Land called, Fatt Oxen, containing fifty acres which was given many years ago but not conveyed.

And last of all, I give and bequeath unto my well beloved Wife, Elizabeth Beall, all the Residue of my Estate after my just Debts are paid, during her natural Life but desire that she, my Wife, shall within two years after my decease, pay unto my Son, William Beall, as much money as will procure him an hundred acres of Land, & after her Decease then the Remainder of the Estate to be equally divided between my Daughters, Jemima Beall, Elizabeth Harding & my Son, William Beall.

WILLIAM BEALL.

Jan. 18th, 1756.

Probate, March 30th, 1756.

Witnesses

Nathaniel Beall.

Samuell Blackmore.

Elisha Hoskinson.

WILL OF CAPTAIN ALEXANDER BEALL. FREDERICK COUNTY, MD.

In the name of God, Amen. This Ninth day of April one thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, I, Alexander Beall of Frederick County in the Province of Maryland being sick and weak in body, but of perfect minde and Memory and calling unto minde the Mortality of my Body do make and ordain this my last Will and Testament as followeth: And first I give my Soule unto the Hands of God, my heavenly Father, hoping for Forgiveness of all my Sins through the Righteousness of Jesus Christ, my Redeemer, and my Body, I recommend to the Earth to be buried in a Christian like manner at the Discretion of my Executrix, nothing doubting but at the General Resurrection I shall renew the same again, by the mighty power of God, and for such worldly Estaten where with it has pleased God to bless me in this Life with, I give and dispose of the same in the manner and Form following, viz.:

Imprimis.—I give and devise unto my Son, Leonard Beall, his Heirs and assigns for ever, all that Tract or parcel of land called Fyffe whereon he now lives.

Item.—I give and devise unto my Daughter, Sarah, her heirs and assigns forever, all that Tract of Land now in the occupation of Elizabeth Harding, containing eighty four acres.

Item.—I give and devise unto my Son, William Magruder, his Heirs and assigns for ever, all that Tract of Land called, King Cole, but if he should die without Lawful Heirs, that then the afs'd Tract of Land to be sold and the money to be equally divided between my Daughters, Sabrina, Mary and Martha.

Item.—I give and devise unto my Son, Edward, his Heirs and Assigns forever, all that Tract of Land called, Joval Ramble, and also one other Tract of Land Called, Jacobs Cowpen, But if my afs'd Son, Edward, should Die before he arrive at the age of twenty-one years or have lawful Heirs,

that then the afs'd tracts of Land to be sold and the money to be equally divided between my Daughters, Sabrina, Mary and Martha.

Item.—I give unto my Son, Edward, his heirs and assigns for ever, all my other Lands that I have any Right, Title or Interest to, except what Lands I may have a right to by my Wife, Sarah, and also a Tract of Land that I have sold by a verbal agreement to George Ross.

Item.—And whereas I have sold by a verbal agreement with George Ross, the plantation and tract of Land called, Discovery, containing two hundred and sixty acres, for the sum of one hundred and ten pounds Currency, my Will and pleasure is that if the said George Ross should pay the afs'd sum of one hundred and ten pounds Currency, that, then my Executrix do make over unto the said George Ross, his Heirs and assigns, by Deed of Conveyance all the afs'd two hundred and sixty Acres of Land, but if the afs'd George Ross should relinquish the afs'd agreement, I made with him that then my Executrix hereafter mentioned to sell the afs'd Land and the money arising thereon to be applied to discharging my Debts.

Item.—I give and devise unto each of my children namely, William Magruder, Elizabeth, Sarah, Edward, Sabrina, Mary, and Martha, the sum of twenty pounds Currency, each to be paid them as they respectively arrive at Age or marry, but if it should happen that any of the said Children should die before they arrive at Age or marry, that then his, her or their respective Sum or Sums of money above devised to them, I give unto my Wife, Sarah.

Item.—I give and devise unto my Wife, Sarah, her Heirs and assigns for ever all the Remainder of my real and personable Estate I have received with her or have any Right, Title of Interest to, by marrying her.

And lastly, I do hereby constitute, ordain and appoint my well beloved Wife, Sarah, my whole and sole Executrix of this my last Will and Testament, revoking and making null and void all other and former Wills, Legacies and Bequeaths by me in any wise before this Time made and bequeathed. Rattifying and confirming this and no other to be my Last Will and Testament, In Witness, whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and affixed my Seal the Day and Year above written.

ALEX'R BEALL. [Seal.]

Probated, May 5th, 1759.

Signed, Sealed, published and pronounced by the afs^d Alexander Beall, before us, whose names are subscribed as Witnesses at the Request and in the Sight of the Testator.

Jos. Wood.

Casper Shaaf.

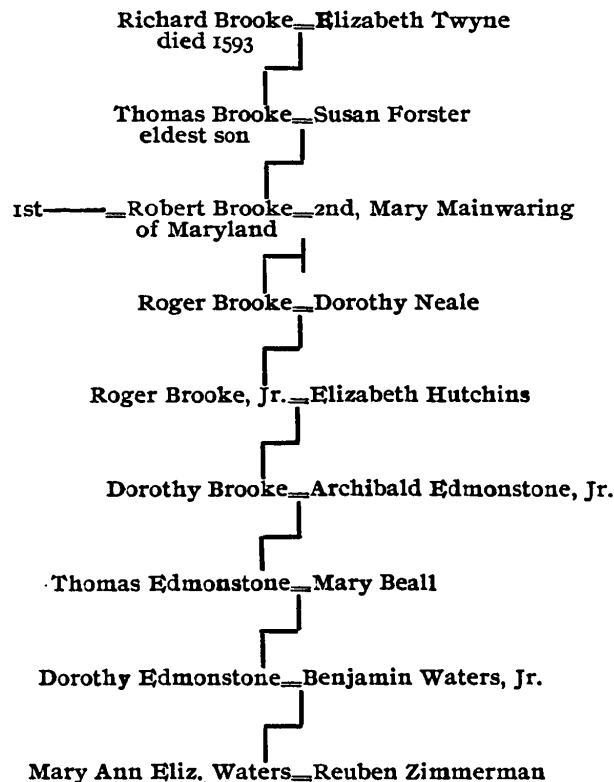
her

Agnis A. G. Paul.

mark

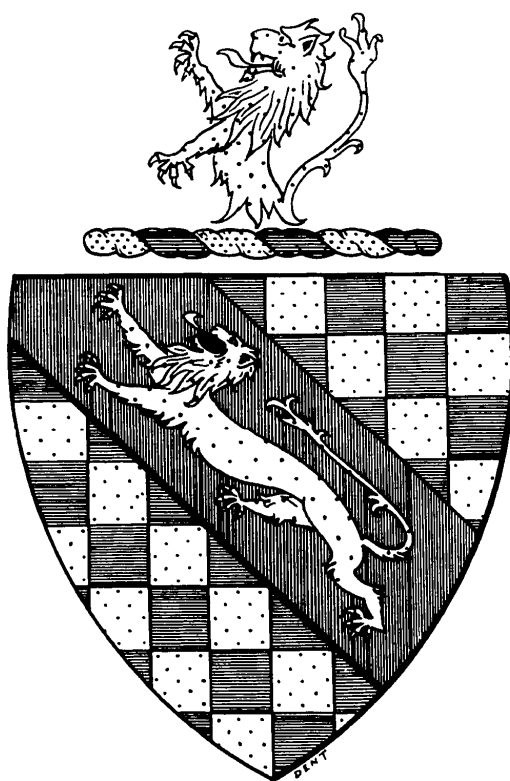
Liber A, No. 1, folio 127. Frederick County, Md.

BROOKE



The following account of the Brooke family is copied largely from an interesting book written by Mr. Thomas Willing Balch, entitled. "The Brooke Family of Whit Church, England, and some of their Descendants." The author has kindly given the writer permission to embody in this family record, whatever portion of his book may be deemed of interest to those of the family of Brooke descent. The writer also obtained some notes from the Thomas Book of Maryland, and the Maryland Archives so she acknowledges her indebtedness to all these sources of information, and gives this account with few quotation marks.

BROOKE



Brooke

Arms—Chequy or and azure, on a bend gules, a lion passant of the first.

Crest—A demi-lion rampant erased or.

Berry's County Hants, p. 339.

The little village of Whitchurch is situated in the northern part of Hampshire, Eng. Since Saxon times the place has always had a church built of the white stone found in the neighborhood, and thus the name, Whitchurch, originated.

In the latter half of the sixteenth century, there lived at Whitchurch, **Richard Brooke** and his wife, **Elizabeth Twyne**. She was a sister and co-heir of John Twyne of Whitchurch, and appears to have descended from Sir Bryan Twyne of Long Parish, County Southampton, who was living before 1500.

Twyne—Coat of Arms. Ar, a fesse embattled sable, in chief two estoiles of the field. Berry's Hampshire Genealogies, 223.

That they (the Brookes) were people of means for those days is shown by the items in the will of Richard Brooke, dated Jan. 10th, 1588/9, dividing among his children his "leases held by the Blessed Trinity in Winchester;" his lease of Knoll; his woods in Chalgrove and Freefolk, and the Manor of West Fisbury. To his wife he leaves his, "free lands and tenements in Whitchurch and Freefolk," and his "lease of the parsonage of Whitchurch" their homestead.* This house is built of brick in the open country a short distance beyond the church, which is at the western end of the village. In September, 1897, it still stood firm and sound . . . In the largest room on the upper floor, also possessed of a fine fireplace, Charles, the First, passed a few days, during the Civil War, before the battle of Newbury in 1644. Symonds in his diary (published by the Camden Society), thus speaks of Charles the First's stay at the Brooke house.

Friday 18th October, 1644.

* * * * *
 "This night, the King lay at the White hart in Andevor: the whole army in the feild.

"Satterday, as soone as light, the army marched after the enemy. The King lay at Whitchurch at Mr. Brookes, his howse, that night.

Munday, 21 October, His Majestie, etc., left Whitchurch, the generall rendezvouz, upon the Downe near Kingsmills howse" (at Sidmonton).

The brasses of Richard Brooke and his wife together with the two smaller ones underneath, of their three sons and three daughters respectively, the whole surmounted by the Brooke

*Will dated January 10th, 1588/9. Proved May 6th, 1594 by Elizabeth Brooke, relict and executor.

Will of Elizabeth Brooke dated May 16th, 1599. Proved by Robert Brooke, son and executor, in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury and recorded in the Principal Registry of Probate in London. (Communicated by Arthur Spayd Brooke.)

and the Twyne arms, are affixed on the wall near one corner. All these brasses were originally upon the floor of the church. Under the brasses, a brass plate bears the following inscription copied by Mr. Thomas Willing Balch.

Pietatus Opus.

"This grave (oh grieve) hath swallowed up with wide and open mouth,
The bodie of good Richard Brooke of Whitchurch, Hampton south,
And Elizabeth, his wedded wife, twice twenty years and one.
Sweete Jesus hath their souls in Heaven; ye ground, flesh, skin and bones.
In Januarie (worne with age) daie sixteenth, died hee,
From Christ full fifteen hundred yeares and more by ninetie three.
But death, her twist of life in Maie, daie twentieth did untwine
From Christ full fifteen hundred yeares and more by ninetie nine.
They left behinde them, well to live and growne to goode degree,
First Richard, Thomas, Robert Brooke the youngest of the three,
Elizabeth and Barbara, then Dorathee the last.
All six the knot of nature's love and kindness keeping fast.
This Toombstone with the plate thereon thus graven fare and large,
Did Robert Brooke, the youngest sonne, make of his proper charge.
A citizen of London State by faithful service free
of Marchantes, greate adventurers, a brother sworne is hee,
And of the Indian Companie (come gaine or loss) a limb;
And of the Goldsmiths liverie; All these Godes gifts to him:
This monument of memorie, in love performed hee:
December thirtie one, from Christ sixteen hundred and three.
Anno Domini 1603. Laus Deo."*

Richard and Elizabeth Brooke, as the inscription tells us were married in 1552, and had six children.

Thomas Brooke of Whitchurch, gentleman, the oldest son, was born in 1560. He matriculated at New College, Oxford, Nov'r 24th, 1581, received the degree of B. A., May 4th, 1584, and was barrister-at-law in the Inner Temple in 1595. He sat for Whitchurch Borough in the Parliament that was summoned to meet at Westminster, March 19th, 1603-4, and was dissolved Febr'y 9th, 1610/11, and died in 1612. (Diary Richard Symonds). He married **Susan Forster**. Symonds, in his diary of the marches of the Royal Army, thus describes a monument erected to their memory.†

*According to the church inscription Richard Brooke had six children, three sons and three daughters, but Berry in his Brooke pedigree names only the three sons. Of the three daughters,

Elizabeth, married ——— Warren.
Dorothy, married Richard Venables.
Barbara, married ——— Baldwin.

†Diary of the marches of the Royal Army during the great Civil War, kept by Richard Symonds, now first published from the original MS., in the British Museum. Printed for the Camden Soc. 1859, p. 142.

The additions in brackets were made by the editor, Charles Edward Long, M. A.



Monument of Thomas Brooke and his wife, Susan Forster, at Whitechurch, Hampshire, Eng.
From a photograph sent in 1892 by the Rector of Whitechurch, to the Episcopal Library, Baltimore, Md.
To the courtesy of Mrs. Maria Wharton Brooke, of Philadelphia, Pa., this copy is due.

"Whitechurch Church."

"Against the north wall chancel, a faire monument, the statue of a man in a barr-gowne and a woman. Thom. Brooke Ar., etat 52, ob. 13 Sep. 1612.

"Susanna uxor ejus, filia natu max Thomae Forster.

Militis in parochia Hunsdon com Hertf (one of the Judges K. B. Mons Insc at Hunsdon).

"Quarterly 1 and 4, Checky, or and azure, on a bend gules a lion passant or. (Brooke.)

2 and 3, Argent. a fess embattled sable, in chief two estoils of the second (Twyne) impaling.

Quarterly 1 and 4, a chevron vert, between three bugle-horns sable. (Forster.)

2 gone—3, argent, on a bend sable three marletts or.

Crest.—On a wreath azure and or. a demi-lion erased or."

The monument is in the belfry and is made of the stone of the neighborhood. The figures lie stretched out side by side their heads, collars, hands and cuffs being white and the rest of the dress black except that the middle of her gown in front, from top to bottom, is a light red.

Susan Forster's father, Sir Thomas Forster, was born about 1569 and belonged to the Forster family of Northumberland. He was the son of Thomas Forster of Hunsdon, County Hereford, and grandson of Roger Forster of Northumberland. The wife of Sir Thomas Forster was Susan Forster, daughter of Thomas Forster of Iden in County Sussex and of St. John's Street, London. (Berry's Sussex Genealogies). Sir Thomas was first spoken of in 1587 as a barrister, in both Coke's and Croke's Reports, and he became a reader of the Society of the Inner Temple in 1596. He was called to the bench, Nov. 24th, 1607, as Judge of the Common Pleas, and sat in that court four and a half years. Thomas Sutton named him one of the first governors of his hospital, the Charter House. He died May 18th, 1612, and was buried at Hunsdon in Herefordshire.

THE FORSTER COAT OF ARMS.

Arms. Quarterly first and fourth, ar a chev vert between three bugle horns stringed sa: second, ar on a bend sa, three marlets or: third, ar on a bend engr sa, three stags heads cabossed or.

Crest. A stag statant sa, horned or. Berry's Sussex Genealogies.

Thomas and Susan (Forster) Brooke had:

Thomas Brooke of Whitchurch, the eldest son, He matriculated at Oriel College, Oxford (Oct. 27th, 1615, aged sixteen years, and was barrister at law in the Inner Temple in 1623, as of Whitchurch, Hants, gentleman.

Richard Brooke, 2nd son.

Robert Brooke, 3rd son, who emigrated to America in 1650.

John Brooke, 4th son, who matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, May 11th, 1621, aged sixteen years.

William Brooke, 5th son.

Humphrey Brooke, 6th son, who was a citizen of London.

Charles Brooke, 7th son.

Susan Brooke, who married William Havers of Thelveton Hall, County Norfolk.

Elizabeth Brooke.

Frances Brooke.

Benjamin Brooke, who died young.

The following extract from the parish register at Whitchurch was communicated by the Rev. H. Edmund Sharpe of Whitchurch, and Arthur Spayd Brooke, Esqr:

"1612—Benjamin Brooke was baptised Sept. 17th.

1612—Thomas Brooke, Esq^e was burried Sept. 17th. Susan Brooke his wife, was burried the 18th day of Sept., 1612. Both are burried beneath the monument.

1642—Thomas, the sonne of Thomas Brooke, Esq^r, was baptised March the 16th by Wm. Harding, Vicar.

1643—Thomas, son of Thos. Brooke, Esq^r, was burried Januarie the 22nd, by John Belchamber, Vicar.

1653—Thomas, son of Thomas and Mary Brooke, was baptised Nov. 2nd, 1653.

1665—Thomas Brooke, Esq^e, was burried Jan. 25th, killed by lightning Jan. 24th, near Winton (Winchester).

1674—Mrs. Mary Brooke was buried July 29. (Wife of Thomas Brooke killed in 1665.)"

Robert Brooke, 3d son of Thomas and Susan (Forster) Brooke, was born June 3rd 1602. He matriculated at Wadham College, Oxford, April 28th, 1618 and received his B. A., July 6th, 1620 and M. A., April 24, 1624. Febr'y 25th, 1627, he married his first wife, Mary Baker, daughter of Thomas Baker of Battel, Sussex. In 1635, he married his second wife, **Mary Mainwaring**, daughter of Roger Mainwaring, Bishop of St. David's, and his wife, Cecilia Proper. Of the family of Mainwaring the writer gives a brief account later on.

The following quaint family record was written by Robert Brooke and his eldest son by his first wife, Baker Brooke, and copied by his grandson, Roger Brooke. The record of children by Robert Brooke's first wife is here omitted, but the record of children of our ancestress, Mary Mainwaring, is given entire.

"Robert Brooke was born at London 3rd June, 1602, being Thursday between 10 and 11 of the clock in the forenoon, being Corpus Christi Day. Mary Baker born at Battel in Sussex.

"Robert Brooke and Mary Baker intermarried, 1627 the 25th of February, being St. Matthias Day and Shrove Monday.

* * * * *

"May the 11th, 1635, Robert (aforementioned) was married to Mary, second daughter to Roger Mainwaring, Doctor of Divinity and Dean of Worcester, which Mary was born at St. Giles-in-the-Fields, London.

"1. Charles Brooke, eldest son of Robert Brooke and Mary, his wife, was born at St. Giles-in-the-Fields, Middlesex, 3rd April 1636, between 11 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon being Sunday, and was baptized the day following, his Grandfather, the Bishop of St. David's and his uncle Townley, his godfathers and his Aunt Stedney, his Godmother. Under 4 Jupiter 3 min.

"2. Roger Brooke was born the 20th September, 1637, at Bretnock College, between 11 and 12 o'clock at night, it being Wednesday, and was baptised the following day, his Godfather, the Bishop of St. David's and his Uncle Stevens, and his Aunt Sarah Mainwaring, his Godmother. 4 under Jupiter.

"3. Robert Brooke was born at London in St. Brides Parish, April 21st, 1639, half an hour before 1 of the clock in the morning it being Sunday and new moon two days after. His Godfather, my Cousin, Thomas Foster, (4 under Jupiter) son to Serecant Foster, and my Cousin William Brooke, and his Godmother my Sister Elizabeth.

"4. John Brooke, born at Battel, the 20th September, 1640, being Sunday between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon, his Godfather William Jackson, D. P., and his Godmother Mrs. Jackson.

"5. Mary Brooke was born at Battel, the 14th day of April, being Thursday, 1642, after 1 o'clock in the morning, the moon being in the last quarter the Thursday before. Her Godfather, Mr. Jackson, and her Godmother old Mrs. Beneford.

"6. William Brooke, born at Battel, the 1st day of December, 1643, between 11 and 12 o'clock at night, the moon being new in the morning at 5, and baptised the same day. His Godfather, Mr. March and his Godmother, Mrs. Pound.

"7. Ann Brooke, born at Bretnock, 22nd January, 1645, between 5 and 6 of the clock at night, being Thursday. Her Godfather the Bishop of St. David's, his Deputy, her Uncle Henry Mellyne, her Godmothers, Mrs. Mary Mainwaring and Mrs. Jones. Q under Venus.

"8. Francis Brooke, born at Horwett in Hantshire, the 30th May, 1648, being Tuesday between 11 and 12 o'clock, at noon. D, under Luna."

"The before named, Robert Brooke, Esquire, arrived out of England in Maryland the 29th day of June, 1650, in the 48th year of his age, with his wife and ten children. He was the first that did seat Patuxent about twenty miles up the river at De La Brooke, and had one son there born in 1651, called Basil, who died the same day. In 1652, he removed to Brooke Place being right against De La Brooke, and on the 28th of November, 1655, between 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon had two children, Eliza and Henry, twins."

"He departed this world the 20th day of July and lieth buried at Brooke Place Manor, and his wife, Mary Brooke, departed this life the 29th November, 1663.

"The foregoing is a true copy taken from my grandfather's book of his own handwriting, and his eldest son Baker, after his decease, this 2nd day of October, 1710, by me."

Roger Brooke."

On September 20th, 1649, Lord Baltimore commissioned Robert Brooke, commander of a new county in Maryland, with full powers to levy and command troops, grant commissions, hold court, etc. His commission was in part as follows. "Cecilius, Absolute Lord and Proprietary of the Provinces of Maryland, and Avalon, Lord Baron of Baltimore etc., to our right trusty, and well beloved William Stone, Esqr., our Lieutenant of the said Province of Maryl'd. . . .

Greeting, whereas our trusty and Well Beloved, Robert Brooke, Esqr., doth this Summers Expedition intend to transport himself, his Wife, Eight Sons and family and a Great Number of other Persons into our said Province of Maryland there to erect make and settle a Considerable Plantation, now we having good Experience of the Honour, worth and abilities of the said Robert Brooke, and of his faithfulness to us and his real desires and intentions for the Good and Prosperity of our said Province, Know yee, that we do hereby Constitute and appoint him, the said Robert Brooke, to be Commander under us and our heirs, and our and their Lieutenant of the said Province for the time being of one whole County within our said Province of Maryland, to be newly set forth, erected, nominated and Appointed for that Purpose, etc." Maryland Archives. At the same time, Lord Baltimore appointed Robert Brooke a member of the Privy Council of Maryland.

In 1650 he came over to Maryland in his own ship, bringing

his wife, ten children, twenty-one men servants and seven maids, "at his own cost and charge," arriving in June. On Oct. 3rd following, Charles County on the Patuxent was created, and he was made commander. In the Archives of Maryland, Vol. 3rd, can be found the record of his arrival and of the several offices he held under the Provincial Government. The Commissioners of the Council of State for the Commonwealth of England, who were sent over to reduce the Old Dominion to the authority of the Parliament by a proclamation of March 29th, 1652, deposed William Stone from the governorship of Maryland, and until they reinstated him on the 28th of June following, they named Robert Brooke, Acting Governor. In their proclamation they said "That the said Council of Maryland or, any two or more of them, whereof Robert Brooke, Esqr. to be one, do Govern and direct the Affairs thereof, and hold Courts as often as they think fit for that purpose." When Governor Stone was reinstated, Robert Brooke was continued on the Council. He afterwards retired to his home estate, De La Brooke Manor, where he died July 20th, 1665. If he left a will it is now lost. He was possessed of a large landed property. To quote Dr. Christopher Johnson "Within four months after his arrival (in the colonies) he had grants of land aggregating 11,000 acres."

Roger Brooke, second son of Robert Brooke and his second wife, Mary Mainwaring, was born at Bretnock College, England, April 8th, 1637, and came to Maryland with his parents in 1650. He was "One of the Gentlement of the Quorum of Commission for Peace of Calvert Co." in 1674-1680. Appointed by Lord Baltimore, Judge and Commissioner of Calvert County, July 20th, 1681. Maryland Archives, Vol. 16. "Roger Brooke, Gentleman, high Sheriff of Calvert County, 1685." Maryland Archives, Vol. 17. He married **Dorothy Neale**, daughter of Captain James Neale and his wife, Anna Gill (See Neale). Family record says, "Roger Brooke, Sr., son of Robert Brooke, Sr., died April 8, 1700, and lyes buried in the graveyard at his own Plantation on Battel Creek, between his two wives Dorathy Neal, and second, Mary Wolley. Where also lyes buried his two daughters by his second wife. Cassandra & Mary and his grandson, Roger, son of Roger, Jr." The children of Roger Brooke, Sr., and his wife, Dorothy Neale were:

Roger, Jr.
 James, died before 1709.
 Dorothy, born 1678. Married 1st Michael Taney, 2d Richard Blundell,
 3rd Col. John Smith.

Roger Brooke, Jr., son of Roger Brooke, Sr., and Dorothy (Neale) Brooke, was born April 12th, 1673. He married Febr'y 23rd, 1702, **Elizabeth Hutchins**, third daughter of Francis Hutchins and Elizabeth Burrage (daughter of John Burrage and Margaret). Captain Francis Hutchins was a member of the Maryland Assembly, Nov. 13th, 1682. Justice of Calvert County, Md., 1689. One of the justices appointed for the laying out of parishes, and "Among a list of names of severall of the most substantial Protestant Inhabitants of Maryland." Maryland Archives, Vols. 7, 8, 13. He made his will Feb. 20th, 1698-99, proved July 14th, 1699.

The children of the marriage of Roger Brooke, Jr., and Elizabeth Hutchins were:

Roger, born Dec. 3rd, 1703, died May 28th, 1705.
 James, born Feb 21st, 1705/6. Married Deborah Snowden, June 21, 1725.
 Eliza, born Nov. 23rd, 1707. Married Nathaniel Beall.
 Dorothy, born July 3rd, 1709. Married Archibald Edmonstone.
 Mary, born December 29th, 1710.
 Ann, born March 29th, 1712. Married Wm. Carmichael.
 Roger, born June 10th, 1714. Married Sarah Bowyer of Philadelphia.
 Cassandra, born April 3rd, 1716.
 Priscilla and Basil, born Nov. 16th, 1717. Priscilla married Charles Browne.

Roger Brooke, Jr., left no will. In an inventory of his property, Aug. 18th, 1721, is the following. "Eliza Brooke being of the people called Quakers." "Legal representatives three sons and six daughters not named." The above is interesting as with her, Elizabeth (Hutchins) Brooke, may have come into this Brooke line the Quaker faith that is still the faith of their descendants in Montgomery County, Md.

Our ancestress, **Dorothy Brooke**, second daughter of Roger Brooke, Jr., and his wife, Elizabeth Hutchins, married **Archibald Edmonstone, Jr.**, son of Colonel Archibald Edmonstone, Sr., and his wife, Jane Beall. (See Edmonstone.)

WILL OF ROGER BROOKE, SR.

In the name of God, Amen. I, Roger Brooke, of Calvert Co. in Maryland, doe make this my last Will and Testament, Revoking all Former Wills.

First.—I bequeath my body and Soul to the protection of Almighty God I desire that all my just debts be paid with all convenience.

I give and bequeath to my Son, Jno. Brooke and his heirs forever, one thousand Acres of Land lyeing in Baltemore County, Known by the name of Brooke Cross and being part of a Tract of Land con't 1,000 Acres and five hundred acres more or less.

I give and bequeath to my Son, Basill Brooke, him and his heirs forever, five hundred acres of Land lyeing in Baltemore County as is alone ex-

prest, and being part of the above mentioned one thousand five hundred Acres but if the above mentioned Tract of Land should not hold out as mentioned in the patent, Then my will is that my Son, Basill Brooke, have the third part of the above mentioned Land be it more or less.

I give and bequeath to my Daughter, Ann Dorking, Fifty pounds Sterling money of England, besides an equal share of my moveable Estate.

After my just debts being paid, I desire that my Estate be equally divided among my children and I leave my Son, Roger, and my Son, James Brooke, shares equally of this my Last Will and Testament. As witness my hand and Seal this fifth day of Feb. Anno Dom., 1700.

Witness—

Abra'm A. Adams.

Edward E. Bonsay.

Rob't Brooke.

Jno. I. Boone.

Roger Brooke.

Probate, June 7th, 1700.

WILL OF FRANCIS HUTCHINS.

In the name of God, Amen. The twentieth day of february in ye Year of Lord God, one thousand six hundred ninety-Eight, I, Francis Hutchins of Hunting Creek in the County of Calvert, in the province of Maryland, Gent'l, being sick and weak of body, but of a sound & proper memory, thanks be to God, do make and declare this my Last Will and Testmt, in manner & forme following, viz.:

First and principally, I commit my Soul into the hands of Almighty God that gave it, and My body to ye Earth to be Interred in such decent manner as my Exec'rs hereafter named shall think best & convenient, and such mortal Estate, as God of his Mercy hath Lent me, I give & dispose of the same as followeth: I will all such debts, I owe, shall be fully paid within convenient tyme after my decease.

I give & bequeath unto my Son, John Hutchins, four male negros not to be under sixteen Yeares nor to be above Twenty yeares of age apiece & six cows & calves beside those of his own Stock, one good feather bed & furniture to ye same & Six Soves, all to be delivered to him by my Exec'rs hereafter named, also one Tankard marked F. A. to be delivered to him by my Execu'rs when he shall attain to one & twenty Yeares of age.

Item.—For the rest of all my goods, Chatteles—and debts remaining unbequeathed after my debts paid, my funerall charges discharged, and this my Last will & Testament in everything performed, I give & bequeath unto my Loving Wife, Elizabeth Hutchins, and my six daughters, that is to say, Margaret Hutchins, Eliz. Hutchins, Sarah Hutchins, Francis Hutchins, Pricilla Hutchins & Mary Hutchins, Equally to be divided amongst them, part & part alike, when my said six children shall attain to their severall and Prospective age or ages of sixteen yeares or day of Marriage, which shall first happen, & if my son or any of my six daughters so decease before ye s'd age of sixteen yeares or before ye marriage, that then ye portion of Every of them so deceased, shall remain & be to ye Survivor or Survivors of them as part & part alike to be Equally divided amongst them, provided allwayes, and I do will & ordain by those present, that if hereafter I shall fortune to have any more Child or Children, than are above named, that then, every such child or children shall have Like Saleable part and portion of and in all my said goods, Chattels, Cattle, debts & all other—with those my Wife and Children, before named as if those—amongst them had been named by name to have

been equally partakers thereof, anything to the contrary Notwithstanding, and further, I do will and appoint that my said Loving Wife, Elizabeth Hutchins, shall have the use and Custody of the portion of my Sonns and Daughters, until my Sonn arrive to the age of twenty yeares or day of Marriage and my daughters to the age of sixteen or day of marriage which shall first happen, putting in Security to my overseers of this my last Will and testa^{mt}, thereafter named and appointed for the same, towards their Education and bringing up and—the distributage of my lands, Tenements and Hereditaments I will & dispose them in manner following:

Item.—I give and bequeath unto my Sonn, John Hutchins, above named, all that parcel or Tract of Land together with all the appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, which I lately purchased of Benjamin Parrott & his Wife, containing three hundred acres of land, Be it more or less, to Have & to Hold the above parcel of land and ye appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, to my Said Sonn, John Hutchins, his heirs and Assigns forever, when he shall attain to the age of one & twenty yeares or day of marriage which shall first happen, and further, my will and mind is, that there shall be no more of the s^d parcel or Tract of Land before mentioned & Expressed shared, than what shall be shared att my decease, untill my sonn, John Hutchins, attain unto his full age of one & twenty or day of marriage above said, and in case my s^d Sonn, John Hutchins, should decease, then if it should so happen, that if hereafter I shall have any more children, more than is above expressed, I give and bequeath unto my said male child or children the abovesaid parcel or Tract of Land with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, in any wise, & appertaining unto my Said Five daughters, Elizabeth, Sarah, Frances, Priscilla, Mary, to have an equall part & part alike, provided, that if I shall happen to have a female child or children now more than what is above expressed, that then every such child or children shall have equall part or parts of the abovesaid parcels of Land or Tract of Land and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Item.—I give, devise and bequeath unto my Son-in-law, Sam^{ll} Thomas, one negro man or as much money as will buy one.

Item.—I give, grant & devise and bequeath unto my five Daughters, Elizabeth, Sarah, Frances, Priscilla, Mary, all that parcell or Tract of Land where I now dwell called, Known by the name of Stoakly? containing Seven hundred Acres of Land (which I purchased of Stoakly?) more or less with a water mill together wth all ye appurtenances there unto belonging or in any wise appertaining, to the said, Elizabeth, Sarah, Frances, Priscilla, Mary, their heirs and assigns forever to be Equally divided between them, provided, allways that if I should happen to have any more Child or Children hereafter, than what is above expressed, that, then every such Child or Children shall have alike equall part or parts of the aforesaid Tract of Land and appurtenances thereunto belonging and Water Mill or anything thereunto appertaining, to them, their Heirs and Assigns for Ever and further my will and mind is, that there shall be no more of the said parcel or Tract of Land called or known by the name of Stoakly? aforesaid, Cleared, than what shall be shared at my decease, during the naturall Life of my said Loving Wife, Elizabeth Hutchins.

Item.—I give and bequeath unto, Matthew Hutchins, six brooding sows and liberty to raise what Stocks of Hoggs he can on the Plantation he now dwells, and house and ground, for himself to work on during his life.

Item.—I make and ordain my Loving Wife, Elizabeth, to be my whole & sole Exec^r of this my Last Will and Test^{mt}, and do appoint my good friends and neighbors, Rich^d Jones and John Harned? to be overseers of this my last Will and Test^{mt}, and do desire them to see that neither my

wife nor children be wronged, and I do utterly Revoke all other Will or Wills by me heretofore and do acknowledge this and no other to be my Last Will & test'mt. In Witness whereof, I, the said Francis Hutchins to this my last Will & Test'mt, putt my hand & seal the day & year first above written.

Witnesses

Jno Taney

S. Bourne

James Elliker

his
FRANCIS F. HUTCHINS.*
mark.

Probate, July 14, 1698.

—MAINWARING—

This brief account of this family is gathered from such authentic sources as Ormerod's History of Cheshire, The Mainwaring Family by R. Mainwaring Finley, London, and Visitation of Shropshire Harleian Society, Vol. 29.

Full justice could only be done to this ancient family by recounting in full the many extracts concerning it in Cheshire and Shropshire, Eng., county histories, but the salient points concerning the family line of Roger Mainwaring are here given—and without quotation marks.

With William the Conqueror when he landed in Britain were, Ranulphus de Mesnil Waren and William de Warren. The family history states that these latter two were brothers and from St. Saens, Normandy. From them descended in lines clearly shown, our ancestor **Bishop Roger Mainwaring**.

As appears in the Domesday book, Ranulphus was given by the Conqueror fifteen townships in Cheshire and one in Norfolk, and the family residence was for many generations at Over-Peover, Cheshire. The authorities above mentioned prove the family line down to Randle Mainwaring who in 1393, married Margery, widow of Richard Buckley and daughter of Hugh Venables of Kinderton. Randle died in 1456 and in the Parochial Chapel of Over-Peover is a large stone monument to the memory of him and his wife.

The second son of Randle (called Honkyn) Mainwaring was William, the ancestor of that branch of the family settled in Ightfield, Shropshire, of which branch was Roger. This William married the daughter of Gryffen Waren, and died in 1497. The following epitaph of William and his wife, from a brass in Ightfield is here given:

*While Captain Francis Hutchins makes "his mark" when signing his will, perhaps from illness, he was a man of education as the records of the Maryland Archives show.

"Here lyeth the Good William Maynwaryng the second son of Hawkyn Maynwaryng & Margarete his wyf daughter & heire of Gryffen Waren & Lady of Ightfield which William was A speciall bnfactor to this church and he dysseyd the syxt day of March Ano. dmi Millio CCCC^oLXXXXVII on whose sowles god almighty have mercy. Amen."

Gryffen Waren, father of Margaret, wife of William Mainwaring, was, as shown by pedigrees, the direct descendant of William de Warren or Earl Warren mentioned above. This powerful earl married Gundred, the step daughter of the Conqueror, and the daughter of his Queen (Maude) by a former husband. Queen Maude was descended from Alfred the Great, and Charlemagne. William Rufus afterward made Earl Warren, also Earl of Surry.

The line of descent from William Mainwaring and Margaret de Waren to "Rogerus" Mainwaring is shown in a pedigree in Visitation of Shropshire, Harleian Society, Vol. 29, written in Latin. Roger, the son of Rich'us Mainwaring and Dorothea, daughter of Robert Corbett, was born in Stretton in Shropshire and educated at the University of Oxford. The name Roger was inherited from several ancient lines, and the same name, as is shown in Brooke pedigree, was a favorite one in that family. John Walker, M. A., in his "Sufferings of the Clergy," gives this account of Dr. Roger Mainwaring, Bishop of St. David's. "He was sometime Vicar of St. Giles in the Fields and chaplain to King Charles 1st Before whome preaching those Sermons which he Afterwards Published and Entitled 'Religion and Allegiance,' he was called in question for it by the Parliament Charged with Endeavoring to Destroy the King and Kingdom by his Divinity and Censured to be Imprisoned—was fined £1000 and ordered to make his Submission and was Disabled to Have or Enjoy any Preferment or Office. However, the King soon after Pardoned him and gave him the rich living of Stanford Rivers in Essex, in 1633 made him Dean of Worcester, and two years after nominated him to this Bishoprick . . . For the two last years of his Life not a week passed without a Message or an Inquiry: which he desired God not to remember against his Adversaries, and adjured all his friends to forget." He married **Cecilia Proper**, and died at Caermarthen July 16th, 1653. As shown in the Brooke pedigree their daughter Mary married Robert Brooke.

Arms.—Argent, two bars gules.

Crest.—Out of a ducal coronet, an ass's head haltered, proper.

Motto.—Devant, si je puis. Burke's Baronetage.

“Among the banners of those who entered France 16 June 1513 occurs: Shrop—Syr John Maynwaryng of Eghtfeld baryth gold a Asse hed haltered sabull and a cressent upon the same: and Rondell Maynwaring his . . . his Pety Captayn. The seid Sir John mad Knyght at Lylle” (Cotton MS. Cleop C. v.) Visitation of Shropshire Harleian Society, Vol. 29, p. 347.

Warren of Ightfield, Co Salop.

Arms, Chequy argent and sable.

Burkes Armoury.